



Heavy Duty Vehicles - Marine

ETI10 | TEN YEARS
OF INNOVATION
2007 — 2017

#ETI10



Welcome and Introduction

Stuart Bradley
Strategy Manager



Agenda

Introduction and welcome

Stuart Bradley (ETI)

Programme overview

Stuart Bradley (ETI)

High Efficiency Propulsion System

Ian Godfrey (Teignbridge Propellers)

Rotor Sail Solution

Tuomas Riski (Norsepower)
Steen Jacobsen (Maersk Tankers)

Waste Heat Recovery

Ryan Maughan (Avid Technology)

Insights and forward look

Chris Thorne (ETI)

Close



HDV Programme Overview

Strategy Manager
Stuart Bradley

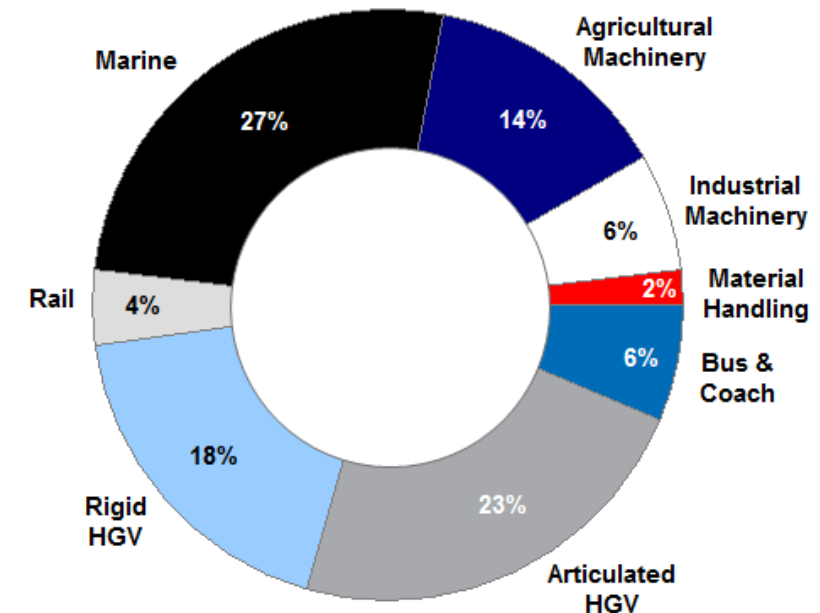


Heavy Duty Vehicles Emissions

- UK Shipping
 - 11 million tonnes of CO₂ p.a.
 - Over 120,000 port calls p.a.
 - Over 90% of port calls are from Atlantic coast of Europe
- International Shipping
 - 796 million tonnes of CO₂ in 2012 (Source – IMO)

UK Heavy Duty CO₂ Emissions by source, 2008

TOTAL:
45,301 kT





THE AIM OF THE HDV MARINE PROGRAMME

To bring about a meaningful change to the fuel efficiency and Green House Gas intensity of the UK HDV marine fleet

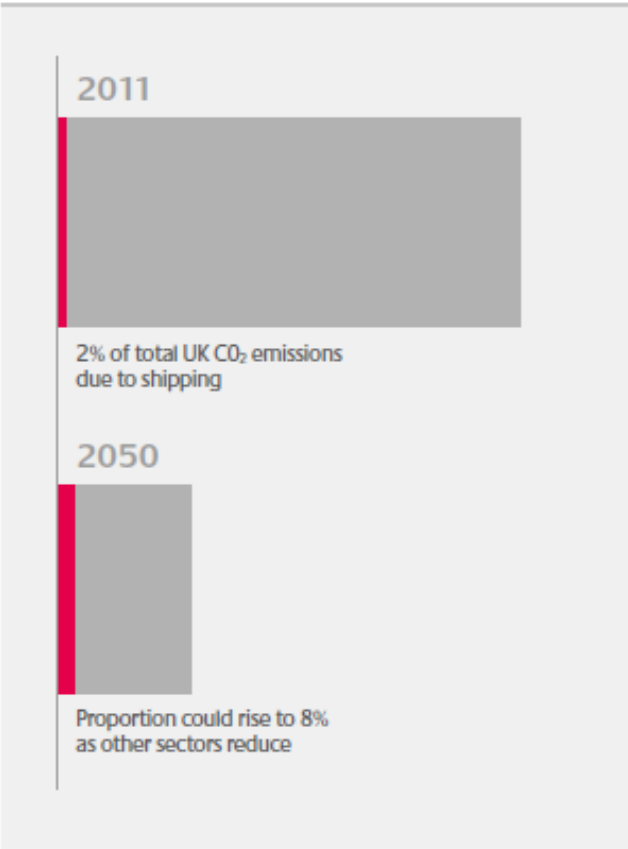


What is the UK Fleet?





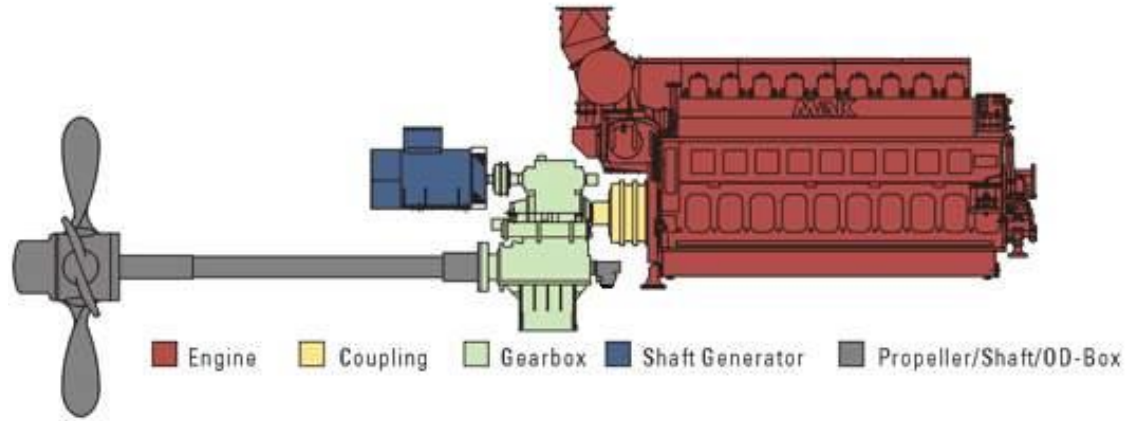
Emissions and Ships



Ship Type		Global fleet annual CO ₂ in Mtonnes	No of ships in the UK fleet	UK fleet annual CO ₂ in Mtonnes	gCO ₂ per tonne km	Average journey, km	Mission profile
	Tanker	170	530	3.03	8–90	2800	
	Dry Bulk	180	400	1.11	5–65	3000	
	Container feeder	260	780	5.98	15–82	2600	
	RoPax	105	550	1.53	20–150	200	
	OSV	95	390	0.36	–	–	



What do Ships use Today?



Propulsion Driveline



Electrical Power

Courtesy: MaK Caterpillar



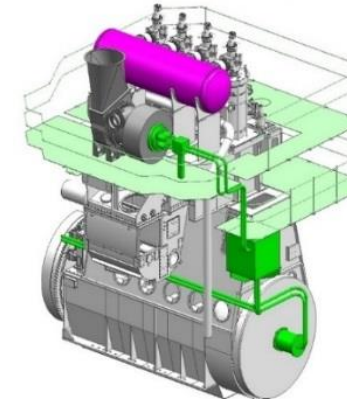
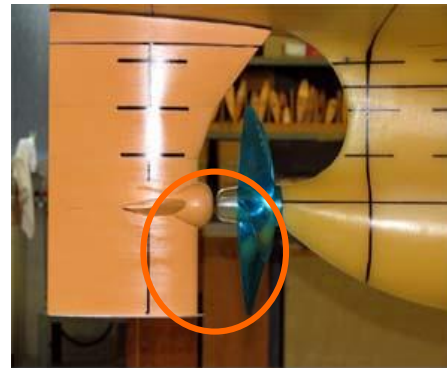
Marine Programme Phase 1

- Investigation
 - Which ships, routes and markets currently account for our CO₂ emissions and in the future?
 - What technologies can make a significant difference?
 - What vessel concepts and sub-systems will deliver our aspirations?
 - What are the market and technology barriers?
- Preparation for Phase 2 - demonstration





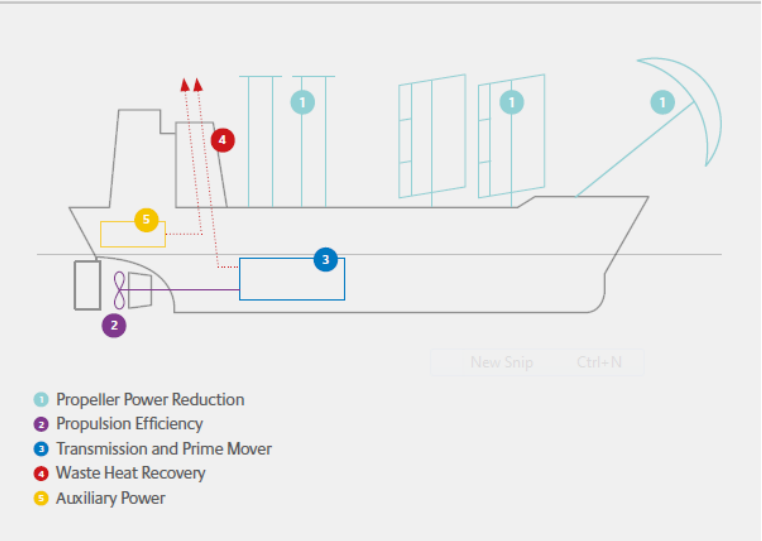
Innovations for Ship Fuel Economy





Phase 2 Projects

- Targeting a 30% reduction in Fuel Consumption
- Waste Heat Recovery
 - Organic Rankine Cycle
- Wind Assisted Propulsion
 - Flettner Rotor
- High Efficiency Propulsion System
 - Improved Propeller-based system
- Independent Results Validation



	Optimum Technologies Applied	Fuel Consumption Improvement, % ¹⁸
Tanker	DFHP Gas Engine, MBDR, ORC and TG, HEPS, FR	40
Dry Bulk	MBDR, ORC and TG, HEPS, FR	32
Container feeder	DFHP Gas Engine, MBDR, ORC and TG, HEPS, WS	30
RoPax	DFHP Gas Engine, ORC and TG Set, MBDR, WS	16
OSV	ORC, TG Set, MBDR, WS	13